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REACT

*Reactivating European citizenship: a
network of inclusive towns*

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Migration in Italy: current situation



Main data about migration in Italy at 31/12/2015:

People with a migration background were 5,5 millions (8,3% of the total population), of which 52,6% women

The main countries of origin are: Romania, Albania, Morocco, China, Ukraine.

% of youth with migration background: 21,2% (among migrant population)

Students with migration background: 814.851, 9,2% of the students enrolled in the Italian educational system.

Persons who acquired citizenship: 178.035 (3,2%)

Newborns: 72.096

Immigrants with residence permit: 3.981.169

Residence of permit first issued: 226.780

	2015	%
Refugees	3.555	5%
Asylum seekers	25.993	36%
Refusal	41.503	58%
Other outcomes	66	0%
Total	71.117	100%

The legal framework of immigration in our country



- Bossi-Fini Law 189/2002 The preamble of the law on immigration:
- - expulsions with escort to the border,
- - residence permit linked to an actual work
- - increased penalties for the trafficking in human beings
- - Italian Navy used in order to hinder smuggling of illegal migrants

Barroso (EU), UN, Human Rights Watch and other international bodies have accused Italian governments of discriminations.

Anti-discrimination strategy



- The contrast to racial discrimination have entrusted to UNAR (National Office Anti-Discrimination) – a Governmental body - and to the AMIF calls (Ministry of the Interior)
- Main initiatives to contrast and prevent racial discrimination:
 - - creating Anti-Discrimination nets with local bodies and organizations of the Third sector
 - - National and local events
 - - Public campaigns

Current situation of racial discrimination in Italy



Main data of the Anti-Discrimination National Agency

Main outcomes of EMORE survey (IDOS-UNAR) – sample of 790 people (may-september 2016)

- Problem of under-reporting (83,5% of victims and 88% of witnesses)
- 36,8% was victim of hate crime or other forms of prejudice
- 92,3% was victim of repeated episodes
- over 80% of complained crimes are insults, threats and intimidation, of which the main causes are ethnic origin/colour of the skin, nationality, religion
- The 39,5% of authors of hate crimes are acquaintances, classmates.
- The main places where the hate crimes have been committed are work place, public buildings and transports, schools, but the most of hate speech are committed online (89,2%)

Current situation of racial discrimination in Abruzzo



Main outcomes of CENTRA survey (Regional Report):

- Almost 35% of the interviewed have been witness to ethnic discriminatory situation;
- 10,38% of the interviewed was victim of racism or discrimination;
- the main groups, victims of discrimination are: migrants from Africa or Roma minority;
- 60% of the interviewed are not informed about the legislation against racial discrimination;
- The most common reasons of discrimination are: ethnic origin, skin color, religion, language, economic status.